Drug name	Origin indication	New indication	Mining Approaches	Ref
Atomoxetine	Parkinson's disease	ADHD	Network Approach	[1,8]
Allopurinol	Tumor lysis syndrome	Gout	Experiment	[1]
Amphetamine	Stimulant	Hyperkinesis in children (attention deficit hyperactivity disorder, ADHD)	Semantic Approach	[1,9]
Apomorphine	Parkinson's disease	Erectile dysfunction	Experiment	[3]
Aspirin	Analgesic, antipyretic	Colorectal cancer	Experiment	[3]
Budesonide	Asthma	Colitis, Ulcerative	Computational Approach	[4,10]
Bupropion	Depression	Smoking cessation	Experiment	[1, 2]
Celecoxib	Osteoarthritis and adult rheumatoid	Familial adenomatous polyposis,	Computational Approach	[4,11]
	arthritis	colon,colorectal,lung and breast cancer		
Chlorpromazine	Antiemetic/antihistamine	Non-sedating tranquillizer	Experiment	[4]
Crizotinib	Clinical trials for anaplastic large-	NSCLC	Experiment	[5]
	cell lymphoma			
Cymbalta	Depression	Diabetic peripheral neuropathy	Experiment	[1]
Dapoxetine	Analgesia and depression	Premature ejaculation	Experiment	[1]
Doxepin	Antidepressant	Insomnia antipruritic	Experiment	[2]
Drospirenone	Oral contraceptive	Hypertension	Experiment	[6]
Duloxetine	Depression	Stress urinary incontinence, fibromyalgia,	Computational Approach	[2,12]
		chronic, musculoskeletal pain		
Duloxetine	Diabetic Neuropathies	Shoulder pain, back pain, osteoa-	Experiment	[4]
		rthritis, knee		
Eflornithine	Anti-infective	Reduction of unwanted facial hair in women	Experiment	[4,13]
Etanercept	Rheumatoid arthritis	Asthma	Network Approach	[6,14]

Table S1 : A collection of successful drug repositioning examples

Everolimus	Immunosuppressant	Pancreatic neuroendocrine tumors	Text-mining Approach	[5,15]
Finasteride	Benign prostatic hyperplasia	Hair loss	Experiment	[1, 4]
Fludrocortisone	Cerebral salt wasting syndrome	Hypertension	Experiment	[6]
Fluoxetine	Depression	Premenstrual dysphoric disorder	Network Propagation	[1,16]
Furosemide	Edema associated with congestive	Bartter syndrome	Experiment	[6]
	heart failure			
Galantamine	Polio, paralysis and anaesthesia	Alzheimer's disease	Network Approach	[4,17]
Gemcitabine	Antiviral	Anticancer agent	Experiment	[3]
Hydroxychloroquine	Antiparasitic	Anti-arthritic systemic lupus erythematosus	Experiment	[2]
Imatinib	BCR-ABL	GIST	Experiment	[5]
Imidapril	Hypertension	Cancer cachexia	Experiment	[2]
Infliximab	Crohn's disease	Different arthritis forms; Alzheimer's disease	Experiment	[2]
Leflunomide	Rheumatoid arthritis	Prostate cancer	Network Approach	[3,18]
Lidocaine	Local anaesthesia	Oral corticosteroid dependentas- thma, arrhythmia	Experiment	[1]
Lumigan	Glaucoma	Hypotrichosis simplex	Experiment	[1]
Mecamylamine	Moderately severe to severe essential hypertension and uncomplicated cases of malignant hypertension	ADHD	Experiment	[4]
Metformin	Diabetes mellitus	Breast, adenocarcinoma, prostate, colorectal cancer	Experiment	[3]
Methotrexate	Acute leukemia	Osteosarcoma, breast cancer, Hodgkin lymphoma	Network Approach	[1]
Methotrexate	Cancer	Rheumatoid arthritis	Experiment	[3]
Mifepristone	Pregnancy termination	Psychotic major depression, Cushing's	Experiment	[1]

		syndrome		
Milnacipran	Depression	Fibromyalgia	Experiment	[1]
Miltefosine	Breast cancer	Visceral and cutaneous leishmaniosis	Experiment	[2]
Minocycline	Acne	Ovarian cancer, glioma	Experiment	[3]
Monoxide	Hypertension	Hair loss	Experiment	[1]
Mycophenolate mofetil	Transplanted organ rejection	Renal symptoms of systemic lupus erythematosus	Experiment	[2]
Naltrexone	Opioid addiction	Alcohol withdrawal	Experiment	[2]
Nelfinavir	AIDS	In clinical trials for multiple cancer	Network Approach	[5,16]
Nitroxoline	Antibiotic	Bladder, breast cancer	Experiment	[3]
Noscapine	Antitussive, antimalarial, analgesic	Multiple cancer types	Experiment	[3]
Paclitaxel	Cancer	Restenosis	Network Approach	[1,19]
Pegvisomant	Acromegaly	Hypercholesterolemia	Experiment	[6]
Perindopril	Hypertension	Alzheimer's disease	Experiment	[6]
Phentolamine	Hypertension	Impaired night vision,dental anesthesia reversal agent	Network Approach	[1,20]
Pioglitazone	Type 2 diabetes mellitus	Nonalcoholic steatohepatitis	Network Approach	[7,21]
Raloxifene	Breast and prostate cancer	Osteoporosis	Experiment	[2]
Rapamycin	Immunosuppressant	Colorectal cancer, lymphoma, leukemia	Computational Approach	[3,22]
Requip	Parkinson's disease	Restless legs	Experiment	[1]
Retinoic acid	Acne	Acute promyelocytic leukemia	Experiment	[2]
Ropinerole	Hypertension	Parkinson's, restless legs syndrome	Experiment	[4]
Sibutramine	Depression	Obesity	Experiment	[1, 2]
Sildenafil citrate	Hypertension, angina	Erectile dysfunction (approved)	Experiment	[1, 2]
Statins	Myocardial infarction	cancer, leukemia	Network Approach	[3,16]
Sunitinib	GIST, renal cell carcinoma	Pancreatic tumors/Gastrointestinal Tumor	Network Approach	[5,23]

Tadalafil	Inflammation and cardiovascular	Male erectile dysfunction	Experiment	[4]
	disease			
Tadalafil	Impotence	Hypertension, pulmonary, prostatic	Network Approach	[4,24]
		hyperplasia, prostate cancer		
Thalidomide	Sedation, nausea and insomnia	Cutaneous manifestations of moderate to	Experiment	[4]
		severe erythema nodosum leprosum in leprosy		
		and multiple myeloma		
Thalidomide	Morning sickness	Leprosy, multiple myeloma	Network Approach	[1,25]
Thalidomide	Anti-emetic	Erythema nodosum leprosum	Experiment	[2]
Thiocolchicoside	Muscle relaxant	Leukemia, multiple myeloma	Network Approach	[3]
Tofisopam	Anxiety-related conditions	Irritable bowel syndrome	Experiment	[4]
Topiramate	Epilepsy	Migraine,bulimia	Experiment	[1]
Trastuzumab	HER2-positive breast cancer	HER2-positive metastatic gastric cancer	Network Approach	[5]
Valproic acid	Antiepileptic	Leukemia, solid tumors	Experiment	[3]
Vesnarinone	Cardioprotective	Oral cancer, leukemia, lymphoma	Experiment	[3]
Wortmannin	Antifungal	Leukemia	Experiment	[3]
Zidovudine	Cancer	HIV/AIDS	Experiment	[1]
Zoledronic acid	Anti-bone resorption	Multiple myeloma, prostate cancer, breast	Experiment	[3]
		cancer		

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	Table S2: A collection of successful drug reposition resources				
	Database		Link	Description	Ref
1	Adverse Reaction (Canada)	Database	http://www.hc-sc.gc.ca	A database contains information about suspected adverse reactions (also known as side effects) to health products.	[1]
2	ArrayExpress		http://www.ebi.ac.uk/arrayexpress/	A public database contains high throughput functional genomics data,	[2]
3	BindingDB		http://www.bindingdb.org/bind/index.jsp	A public, web-accessible database includes measured binding affinities.	[3]
4	BioCarta		http://www.biocarta.com	A database contains biological pathways.	[4]
5	BioGRID		http://thebiogrid.org/	A database contains biological interaction data.	[5]
6	Cancer Cell Encyclopedia(CCLE)	Line	http://www.broadinstitute.org/ccle	A database contains a large panel of human cancer cell lines.	[6]
7	CellMiner		http://discover.nci.nih.gov/cellminer/	A database is designed for querying molecular information on NCI-60.	[7]
8	ChemBank		http://chembank.broad.harvard.edu	A web-based informatics environment includes freely available data derived from small molecules and small-molecule screens.	[8]
9	ChEMBL		https://www.ebi.ac.uk/chembl/	An open database contains binding, functional and ADMET information for a large number of drug-like bioactive compounds.	[9]
10	ChemDB		http://www.chemdb.com	A public database include small molecules data on the Web.	[10]
11	ChemFrog		http://www.chemfrog.com	A chemical search engine provides a sourcing platform for chemical buyers and sellers worldwide.	[4]

Continue

12	Chemicalize (ChemAxon)	http://www.chemicalize.org	A powerful online platform is designed for chemical calculations, search, and text processing.	[11]
13	ChemSpider	http://www.chemspider.com	A free chemical structure database provides fast access to over 34 million structures, properties and associated information.	[12]
14	Clinicaltrial.gov	http://clinicaltrials.gov	A registry and results database provides publicly and privately supported clinical studies of human participants conducted around the world.	[4]
15	Collaborative Drug Discovery Vault	https://www.collaborativedrug.com	A hosted biological and chemical database contains chemical structures and biological study data.	[13]
16	DailyMed (US FDA)	http://dailymed.nlm.nih.gov/dailymed/about.cfm	A web site provides latest electronic drug label information approved by the FDA.	[14]
17	DatabaseforAnnotationVisualizationandIntegratedDiscovery (DAVID)	http://david.abcc.ncifcrf.gov	A web-accessible program integrates functional genomic annotations with intuitive graphical summaries	[15]
18	Database of Interacting Proteins (DIP)	http://dip.doe-mbi.ucla.edu/dip/Main.cgi	A database includes experimentally determined protein–protein interactions.	[16]
19	DbSNP	http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/projects/SNP/	A free public archive contains genetic variation within and across different species	[17]
20	DistilBio	http://distilbio.com	A platform is designed for knowledge discovery and exploration.	[4]
21	Drug Drug Combination Database(DCDB)	http://www.cls.zju.edu.cn/dcdb	An available database collects and organizes information on drug combinations.	[18]

	Continue			
22	Drug versus Disease (DvD)	www.ebi.ac.uk/saezrodriguez/dvd	An R package is designed to 'match' drug and disease profiles.	[19]
			A unique bioinformatics and cheminformatics resource	
23	Drugbank	http://www.drugbank.ca/	combines detailed drug data with comprehensive drug target information.	[20]
24	DrugMap Central (DMC)	http://r2d2drug.org/index.html	An on-line query and visualization tool is designed to facilitate drug repositioning studies.	[21]
25	Drugs@FDA Database	http://www.fda.gov/Drugs/InformationOnDrugs/	A database collects FDA approved drug data.	[22]
26	FAERS (US FDA)	http://www.fda.gov/Drugs/	A database contains information on adverse event and medication error reports submitted to FDA.	[4]
27	FDALABEL (US FDA)	http://www.fda.gov/ScienceResearch/ BioinformaticsTools/	A tool is designed to search of drug labeling.	[4]
28	Gene Expression Atlas	http://www.ebi.ac.uk/gxa	An open science resource gives users a powerful way to find information about gene and protein expression.	[23]
29	Gene Expression Omnibus (GEO)	http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/geo	A database repository contains high throughput gene expression data and hybridization arrays, chips, microarrays.	[24]
30	Gene Set Enrichment Analysis(GSEA)	http://www.broadinstitute.org/gsea	A computational method defined set of genes shows statistically significant, concordant differences between two biological states	[25]
31	Gene Signature Database(GeneSigDB)	http://compbio.dfci.harvard.edu/genesigdb	A searchable database includes fully traceable, standardized, annotated gene signatures	[26]
32	GeneCards Databases	http://www.genecards.org/	A searchable, integrated, database of human genes provides concise genomic related information, on all known and predicted human genes	[27]

	Continue			
33	Genome Array Express	http://www.ebi.ac.uk/arrayexpress	A database accepts data generated by sequencing or array-based technologies and currently contains data from almost a million assays, from over 30 000 experiments.	[28]
34	GPCR-Ligand Database (GLIDA)	http://pharminfo.pharm.kyoto-u.ac.jp/ services/glida/	A database is developed for the field of GPCRs-related drug discovery	[29]
35	Human Metabolome Database (HMDB)	http://www.hmdb.ca	A freely available electronic database contains detailed information about small molecule metabolites	[30]
36	Human Protein Reference Database (HPRD)	http://www.hprd.org/	A database contains manually curated scientific information pertaining to the biology of most human proteins	[31]
37	IntAct	http://www.ebi.ac.uk/intact/	A database provides protein interactions data	[32]
38	International Cancer Genome Consortium	https://icgc.org	A research project obtain a comprehensive description of genomic, transcriptomic and epigenomic changes in 50 different tumor types and/or subtypes	[33]
39	Iowa Drug Information Service (IDIS)	http://itsnt14.its.uiowa.edu	A database provides access to the serial literature of medicine and pharmacy	[34]
40	iScienceSearch	http://cwmglobalsearch.com/gs/Default.aspx	An Internet search engine is designed for searching chemical data.	[4]
41	Johns Hopkins University HTS Core	http://www.molecularinteraction.org/ HIT%20center.htm	An integrated robotics database contains chemical data.	[4]

42	Kansas University HTS Lab Services	http://www.hts.ku.edu	A free service provide researchers with the ability to run high-throughput chemical, siRNA, and high-content screens (HCS)	[4]
43	Kyoto Encyclopedia of Genes and Genomes (KEGG)	http://www.genome.jp/kegg	A database resource is developed for understanding high-level functions and the biological system	[35]
44	Library of Integrated Network based Cellular Signatures(LINCS)	http://www.lincsproject.org	A database contain details about the assays, cell types, and perturbagens.	[35]
45	MATADOR (manually annotated)	http://matador.embl.de	A resource includes protein-chemical interactions	[36]
46	MIPS (mammalian protein- protein interaction database)	http://mips.helmholtz-muenchen.de/proj/ppi/	A new resource contains high-quality experimental protein interaction data in mammals	[37]
47	Molecular Signature Database(MsigDB)	http://www.broadinstitute.org/gsea/msigdb	A collection contains annotated gene sets for use with GSEA software.	[38]
48	NCI Pathway Interaction Database (NCI-PID)	http://pid.nci.nih.gov/	A database includes pathway data and interactions.	[39]
49	NCGC Database	http://www.genome.gov/12512295	A comprehensive resource of clinically approved drugs enabling repurposing and chemical genomics	[40]
50	NIMH Psychoactive Drug Screening Program(PDSP)	http://pdsp.cwru.edu/	A service provides screening of novel psychoactive compounds for pharmacological and functional activity at cloned human or rodent CNS receptors, channels, and transporters	[4]
51	OCA	http://oca.weizmann.ac.il/oca-bin/ocamain	A browser-database is developed for protein structure/function	[41]
52	Oncomine	https://www.oncomine.org	A cancer microarray database and web-based data- mining platform aimed at facilitating discovery from genome-wide expression analyses.	[42]

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53	Online Mendelian Inheritance in Man (OMIM)	http://www.omim.org	A continuously updated catalog of human genes and genetic disorders and traits, with particular focus on the molecular relationship between genetic variation and phenotypic expression	[43]
54	OPM(membrane proteins)	http://opm.phar.umich.edu	A database provides spatial arrangements of membrane proteins with respect to the hydrocarbon core of the lipid bilayer	[44]
55	PathwayCommons	http://www.pathwaycommons.org/about/	A collection includes publicly available pathway information from multiple organisms	[45]
56	Princeton University MicroArray database (PUMAdb)	http://puma.princeton.edu	A database stores raw and normalized data from microarray experiments	[46]
57	Protein Data Bank (PDB)	http://www.rcsb.org/pdb/home/home.do	A crystallographic database is designed for the three- dimensional structural data of large biological molecules	[47]
58	Proteopedia	http://proteopedia.org	A database includes 3D encyclopedia of proteins and other molecules	[48]
59	Psychoactive Drug Screening Program Ki (PDSP Ki)	http://pdsp.med.unc.edu/pdsp.php	A unique resource in the public domain provides information on the abilities of drugs to interact with an expanding number of molecular targets.	[49]
60	PubChem	https://pubchem.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/	A database includes chemical molecules and their activities against biological assays	[50]
61	Reactome	http://www.reactome.org	A free, open-source, curated and peer database includes pathway database	[51]
62	Rockefeller University HTS Core Facility	http://www.rockefeller.edu/	A source includes bioassays and drug data	[4]

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63	Sequence Read Archive (SRA)	http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Traces/sra/	A database makes biological sequence data available to the research community to enhance reproducibility and allow for new discoveries by comparing data sets.	[52]
64	Side Effect Resource (SIDER)	http://sideeffects.embl.de	A resource contains information on marketed medicines and their recorded adverse drug reactions	<u>[53]</u>
65	Stanford Microarray Database	http://smd.princeton.edu	A database stores raw and normalized data from microarray experiments, and provides web interfaces for researchers to retrieve, analyze and visualize their data	[54]
66	STITCH (Chemical-Protein Interactions)	http://stitch.embl.de/	A resource integrates disparate data sources for 430 000 chemicals into a single, easy-to-use way	[55]
67	STRING	http://string-db.org/	A biological database and web resource is known of predicting protein-protein interactions	[56]
68	Structured Product Labeling (SPL)	http://www.fda.gov/	A document markup standard is approved by Health Level Seven	[4]
69	SuperTarget	http://bioinf-apache.charite.de/supertarget_v2/	A database is developed in the first place to collect informations about drug-target relations.	[36]
70	SWEETLEAD	https://simtk.org/home/sweetlead	A highly-curated in silico database lcontains chemical structures representing approved drugs, chemical isolates from traditional medicinal herbs, and regulated chemicals	[57]
71	The Cancer Genome Atlas (TCGA)	http://cancergenome.nih.gov	A public funded project aims to catalogue and discover major cancer-causing genomic alterations to create a comprehensive "atlas" of cancer genomic profiles.	[58]

	Continue		
72	The Connectivity Map (CMap)	http://www.broadinstitute.org/cmap	A database includes genome-wide transcriptional expression data from cultured human cells treated with [59] bioactive small molecules
73	The NCGC Pharmaceutical Collection (NPC)	http://tripod.nih.gov/npc/	A comprehensive, publically-accessible collection of approved and investigational drugs for high- [40] throughput screening
74	Pharmacogenomics Knowledge Base (PharmGKB)	http://www.pharmgkb.org	A comprehensive resource curates knowledge about the impact of genetic variation on drug response for [60] clinicians and researchers.
75	Therapeutic Target Database (TTD)	http://bidd.nus.edu.sg/group/cjttd/	A database provides information about the known and explored therapeutic protein and nucleic acid targets, the targeted disease, pathway information and the corresponding drugs directed at each of these targets.
76	TOPSAN	http://www.topsan.org	A web-based collaboration platform is developed for exploring and annotating structures determined by [62] structural genomics efforts

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