

## Supplementary tables

**Table S1.** Demographic data of the included healthy volunteers.

Variable	Results
Total, n	21
Age, years, median (IQR)	32 (26-34)
Gender, n (%)	
Male	11 (52.4)
Female	10 (47.6)
Hemoglobin, g/L, mean $\pm$ SD	126.9 $\pm$ 14.4
Albumin, g/L, mean $\pm$ SD	39.4 $\pm$ 3.2
BMI, kg/m <sup>2</sup> , mean $\pm$ SD	22.3 $\pm$ 2.2
Platelets, 10 <sup>9</sup> /L, mean $\pm$ SD	233.1 $\pm$ 30.3

IQR, interquartile range; SD, standard deviation

**Table S2.** Primer sequences used in real-time PCR analysis.

Gene	Forward Primer	Reverse Primer
M-GAPDH	GCATGGCCTTCCGTGTTC	GATGTCATCATACTTGGCAGGTT T
M-KIM1	ACATATCGTGGAATCACAACGAC	ACTGCTCTTCTGATAGGTGACA
M-NGAL	GCAGGTGGTACGTTGTGGG	CTCTTGTAGCTCATAGATGGTGC
M-Bcl-2	TGTGAGGACCCAATCTGGAAA	TTGCAATGAATCGGGAGTTG
M-Bax	GATCAGCTCGGGCACTTTAG	TTGCTGATGGCAACTTCAAC
M-IL-1 $\beta$	TGCCACCTTTTGACAGTGATG	AAGGTCCACGGGAAAGACAC
M-IL-6	AAAGAGTTGTGCAATGGCAATTCT	AAGTGCATCATCGTTGTTTCATAC A
M-TNF- $\alpha$	CATCTTCTCAAATTCGAGTGACA A	TGGGAGTAGACAAGGTACAACC C
M-MCP-1	CTTCTGGGCCTGCTGTTCA	CCAGCCTACTCATTGGGATCA
M-PGC1- $\alpha$	CACCAAACCCACAGAAAACAG	GGGTCAGAGGAAGAGATAAAG TTG
M-ATP5a-1	CATTGGTGATGGTATTGCGC	TCCCAAACACGACAACCTCC
M-NDUFS8	GTTTCATAGGGTCAGAGGTCAAG	TCCATTAAGATGTCCTGTGCG
M-TOM20	GCTAAGGAGAGAGCTGGGCTTT	TGGTCCACACCCTTCTCGTAGT
H-GAPDH	GGAAGCTTGTCATCAATGGAAATC	TGATGACCCTTTTGGCTCCC
H-TLR4	GTCAGTGTGATTGTGGTATCC	ACCCAGTCCTCATTCTGACTC
H-ARF6	GGGAAGGTGCTATCCAAAATCTT	CACATCCCATACGTTGAACTTGA

M, denotes mice and H, denotes human

**Table S3.** Primary antibodies used in Western blot analysis.

Name	Company	Catalog number
Anti-HSP70	Abcam, MA, USA	ab194360
Anti-CD63	Abcam, MA, USA	ab252919
Anti-TSG101	Abcam, MA, USA	ab225877
Anti-CD81	Abcam, MA, USA	ab109201
Anti-Calnexin	Abcam, MA, USA	ab92573
Anti-NGAL	Abcam, MA, USA	ab125075
Anti-Bcl-2	Cell Signaling Technology, MA, USA	4223
Anti-Bax	Proteintech Group, Wuhan, China	50599-2-Ig
Anti-Cleaved caspase 3	Cell Signaling Technology, MA, USA	9664
Anti-Caspase 3	Cell Signaling Technology, MA, USA	9662
Anti-GAPDH	Abcam, MA, USA	ab128915
Anti-IL-1 $\beta$	Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Texas, USA	sc-12742
Anti-TNF- $\alpha$	Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Texas, USA	sc-12744
Anti-MCP-1	Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Texas, USA	sc-52701
Anti-IL-6	Proteintech Group, Wuhan, China	21865-1-AP
Anti-NOX4	Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Texas, USA	sc-518092
Anti-Nrf2	Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Texas, USA	sc-365949
Anti-ARF6	Proteintech Group, Wuhan, China	20225-1-AP
Anti-phospho-ERK	Cell Signaling Technology, MA, USA	4695
Anti-ERK	Cell Signaling Technology, MA, USA	4370
Anti-phospho-Smad3	Beyotime, Shanghai, China	AF1759
Anti-Smad3	Beyotime, Shanghai, China	AF1501
Anti-phospho-p53	Beyotime, Shanghai, China	AF5896
Anti-p53	Proteintech Group, Wuhan, China	10442-1-AP
Anti-TLR4	Servicebio, Wuhan, China	GB11519
Anti-MyD88	Servicebio, Wuhan, China	GB111554
Anti- $\beta$ -actin	Proteintech Group, Wuhan, China	81115-1-RR
Anti-phospho-I $\kappa$ B	Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Texas, USA	sc-8404
Anti-I $\kappa$ B	Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Texas, USA	sc-1643
Anti-syntaxin 2	Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Texas, USA	sc-514642
Anti-SNAP 23	Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Texas, USA	sc-374215

**Table S4.** The sequences of siRNAs used in cell transfection.

Gene	Sense	Antisense
siTLR4	GCCGAAAGGUGAUUGUUGUTT	ACAACAAUCACCUUUCGGCTT
siARF6	GACGCCAUAAUCCUCAUCUTT	AGAUGAGGAUUAUGGCGUCTT
siNC	UUCUCCGAACGUGUCACGUTT	ACGUGACACGUUCGGAGAATT

**Figure S1. Effect of different doses of LPS on HK-2 cells.** HK-2 cells were treated with LPS (0-100  $\mu\text{g/ml}$ ) for 24 h. (A) The cell viability of HK-2 cells treated with different concentrations of LPS (0, 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100  $\mu\text{g/ml}$ ) for 24 h (n = 6). (B) Representative flow cytometric plots of HK-2 cells. (C) Quantitative analysis of apoptosis rate of HK-2 cells (n = 3). \*P < 0.05, \*\*P < 0.01, \*\*\*P < 0.001.

**Figure S2. Effect of platelet-derived EVs on HK-2 cells apoptosis.** The apoptosis of HK-2 cells treated with PBS, LPS, LPS+PBS-EVs, LPS+LPS-EVs, and LPS+LPS-EVs-free supernatant was determined by flow cytometry (n = 3). \*\*\*P < 0.001 ; #P < 0.01.

**Figure S3. Impact of PBS-EVs and LPS-EVs on kidneys and HK-2 cells.** (A-B) Representative PAS staining images (scale bar, 50  $\mu\text{m}$ ) and tubular injury scores of Control, PBS-EVs and LPS-EVs (n = 5). (C-D) SCr and BUN levels in different groups (n = 5). (E) Quantitative real-time PCR analysis of the mRNA expression of KIM1 and NGAL in kidneys (n = 3). (F) Western blotting and densitometry analysis of NGAL in kidneys (n = 3). (G) The cytotoxic effect of PBS-EVs or LPS-EVs on HK-2 cells was determined by CCK8 assay (n = 6). (H-I) Representative flow cytometric plots and quantitative analysis of apoptosis rate of HK-2 cells (n = 3). (J) Western blotting and densitometry analysis of Bcl-2, Bax, Cas 3, and C-Cas 3 in HK-2 cells (n = 3). (K-M) The concentrations of TNF- $\alpha$ , IL-6, and IL-1 $\beta$  in the supernatant of HK-2 cells (n = 6). \*\*\*P < 0.001.

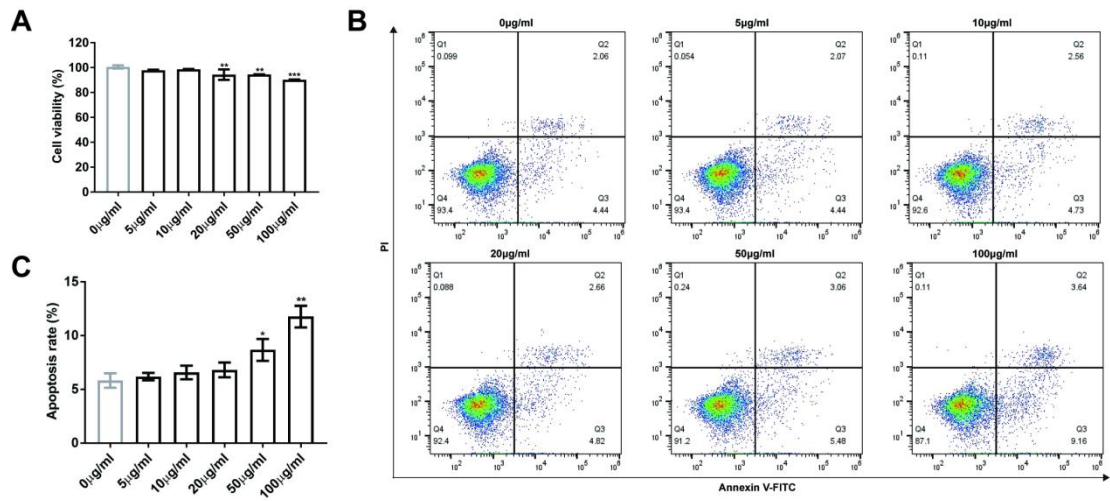
**Figure S4. Isolation and characterization of plasma EVs in mice** CLP was conducted in mice and blood samples were collected for isolation of plasma EVs by using exosome precipitation solution according to the manufacturer's protocols. (A) Images of Sham-EVs and CLP-EVs detected by TEM (scale bar, 100 nm). (B-C) The size distribution and particle concentration of Sham-EVs and CLP-EVs analyzed by NTA (n = 3). (D) The protein concentration of Sham-EVs and CLP-EVs derived from 1 ml of plasma was determined by BCA assay (n = 3). (E-F) Western blotting and densitometry analysis of protein levels of HSP70, CD63, TSG101, CD81 in Sham-EVs and CLP-EVs (n = 3). (G-H) Representative flow cytometric plots and quantitative analysis of CD61 positive EVs (n = 3). \*\*P < 0.01, \*\*\*P < 0.001.

**Figure S5. CLP-EVs impaired renal function via promoting apoptosis and inflammation in mice.** Plasma EVs (100  $\mu\text{g}$ ) isolated from Sham and CLP mice were transferred into WT mice and blood samples and kidneys were collected for further analysis 4 h later. (A) The animal protocol schematic for infusion of Sham-EVs or CLP-EVs to WT mice. (B-C) SCr and BUN levels in different groups (n = 5). (D-E) Representative PAS staining images (scale bar, 50  $\mu\text{m}$ ) and tubular injury scores of different groups (n = 5). (F) Quantitative real-time PCR analysis of the mRNA expression of KIM1 and NGAL in kidneys (n = 3). (G) Western blotting and densitometry analysis of NGAL in kidneys (n = 3). (H) Representative TUNEL and Ly6G staining images in kidneys (scale bar, 50  $\mu\text{m}$ ). (I) Quantitative analysis of TUNEL positive cells in kidneys (n = 5). (J) Quantitative analysis of Ly6G positive cells in kidneys (n = 5). (K) The mRNA expression of Bcl-2, Bax and Bcl-2/Bax in kidneys analyzed by quantitative real-time PCR (n = 3). (L) Western blotting and quantification by densitometry of Bcl-2, Bax, Cas 3, and C-Cas 3 in kidneys (n = 3).

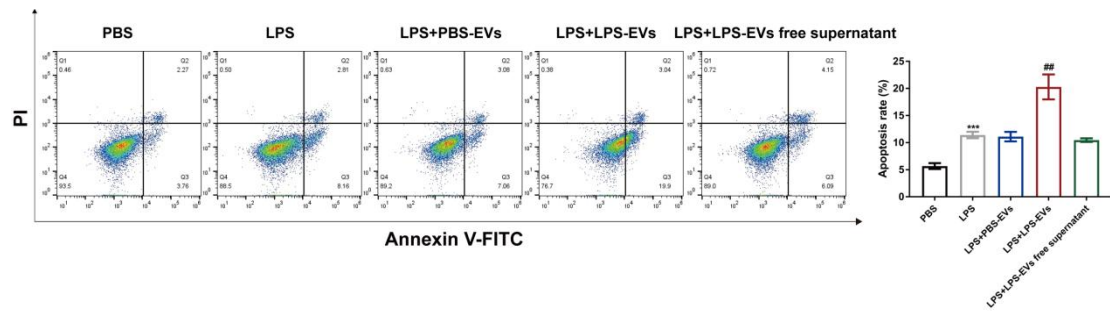
(M) The mRNA expression of IL-6, MCP-1, TNF- $\alpha$  and MCP-1 in kidneys analyzed by quantitative real-time PCR (n = 3). (N) Western blotting and densitometry analysis of the protein levels of IL-6, MCP-1, TNF- $\alpha$  and MCP-1 in kidneys (n = 3). \*\*\*P < 0.001.

**Figure S6. Effect of plasma EVs on TCMK-1 cells.** Isolated plasma EVs from Sham or CLP mice were subjected to TCMK-1 cells and were co-cultured for 4 h. (A) The protocol schematic for administration of Sham-EVs or CLP-EVs to TCMK-1 cells. (B) The cell viability of TCMK-1 cells treated with Sham-EVs or CLP-EVs for 4 h (n = 6). (C-D) Representative flow cytometric plots and quantitative analysis of apoptosis rate of TCMK-1 cells (n = 3). (E) Western blotting and quantification by densitometry of Bcl-2, Bax, Cas 3, and C-Cas 3 in kidneys (n = 3). (F) The concentrations of TNF- $\alpha$ , IL-6, and IL-1 $\beta$  in the supernatant of TCMK-1 cells (n = 6). \*\*P < 0.01, \*\*\*P < 0.001.

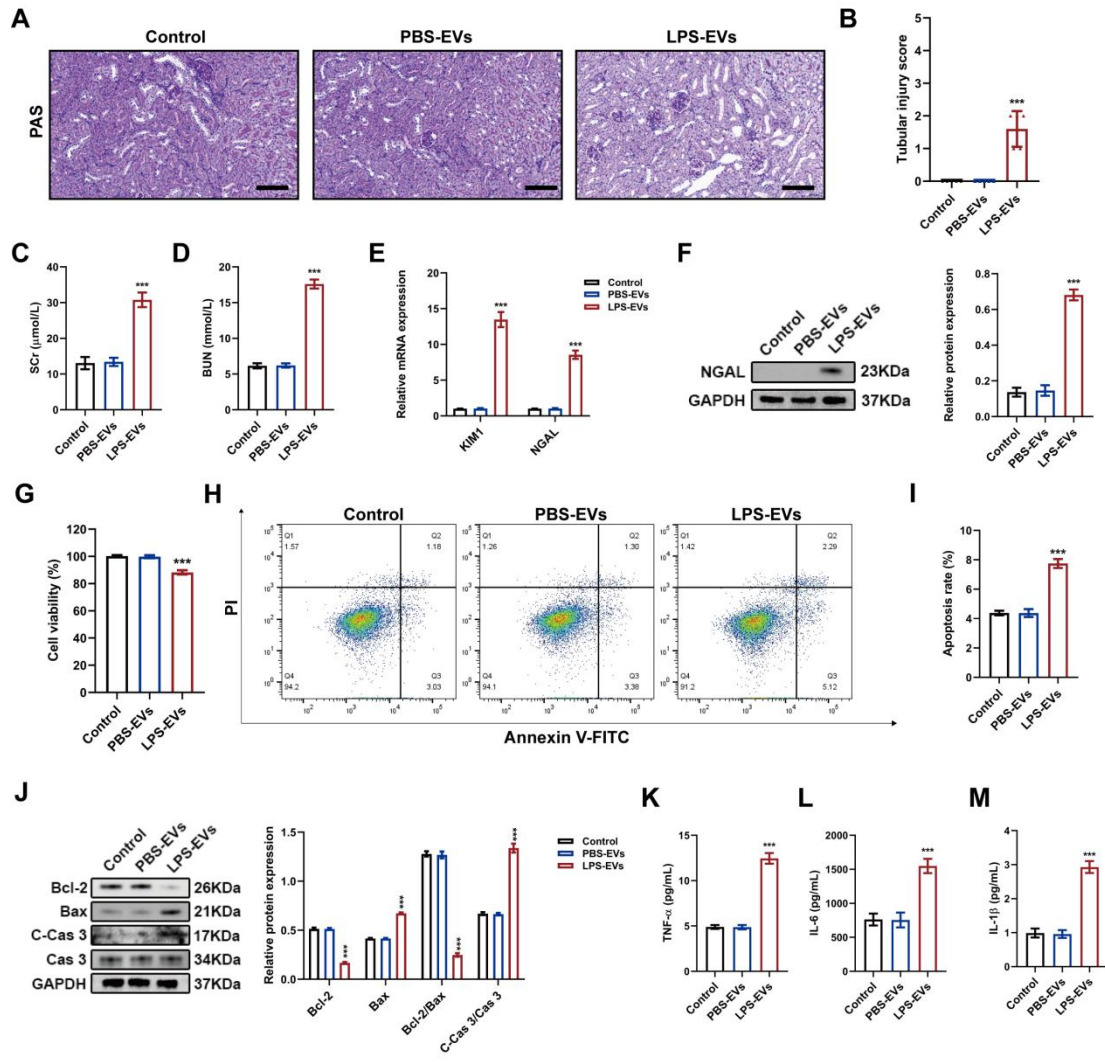
**Figure S1**



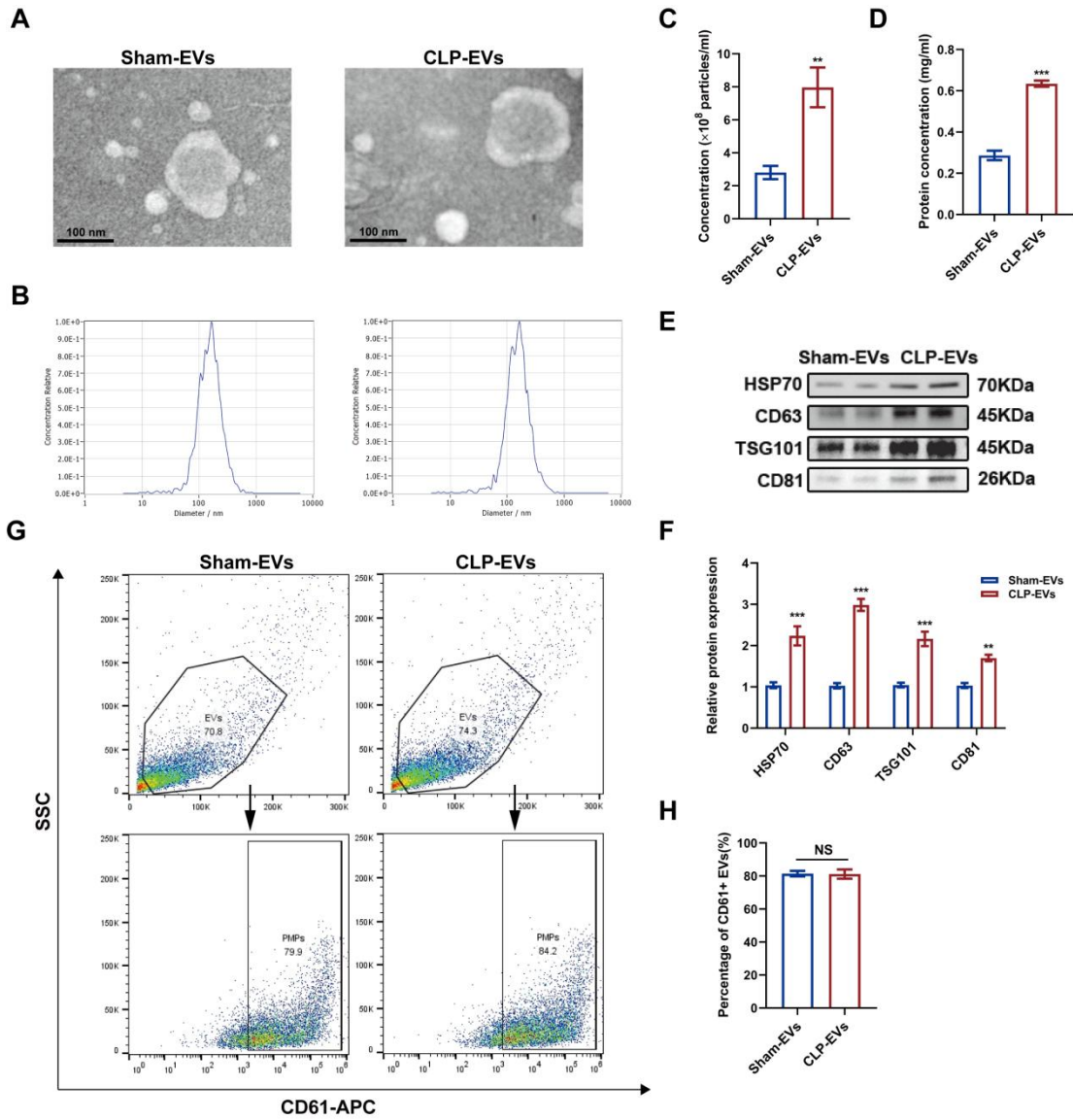
**Figure S2**



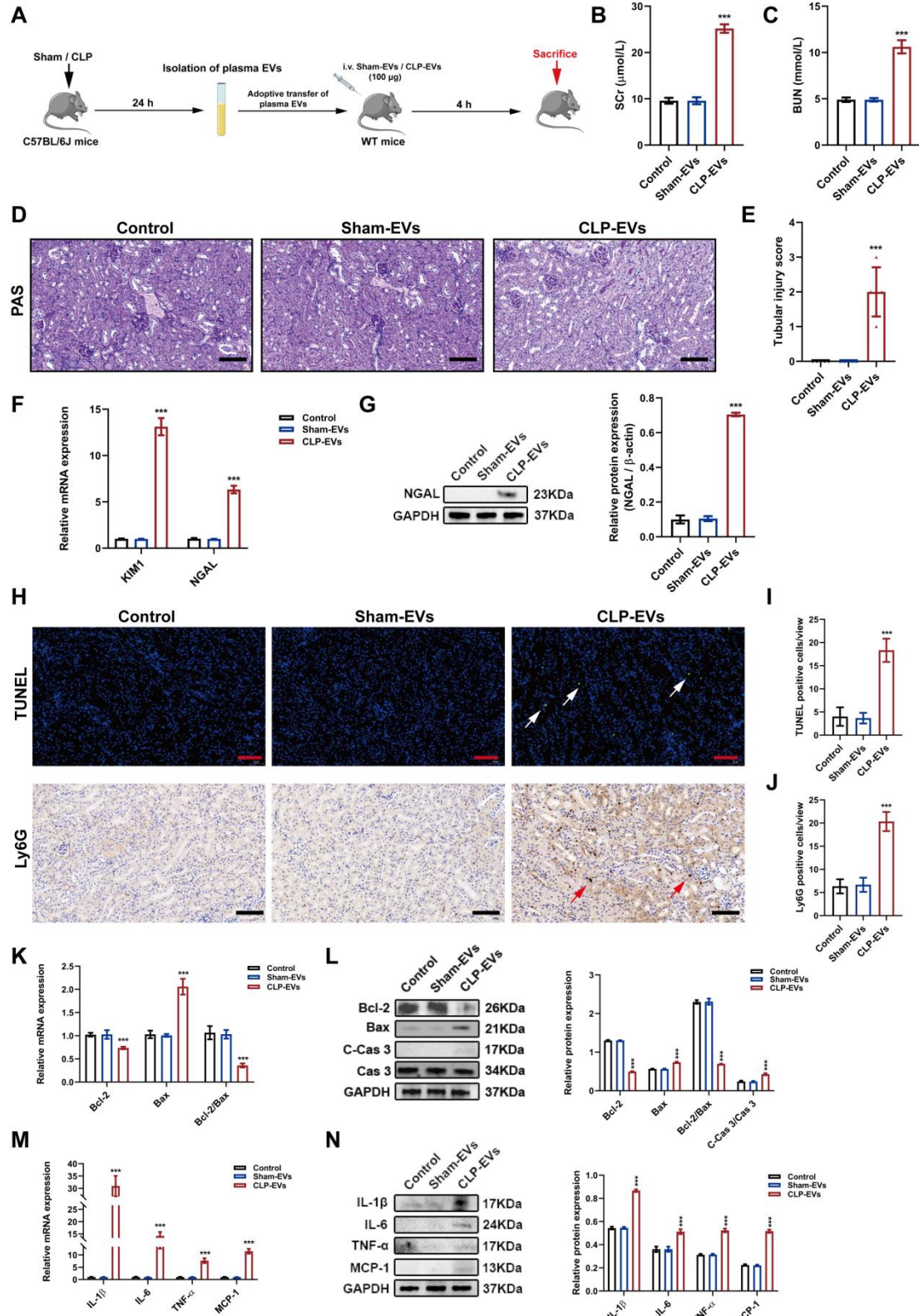
**Figure S3**



**Figure S4**



**Figure S5**





**Figure S6**

